

BOLD THINKERS DRIVING REAL-WORLD IMPACT



Understanding and Applying the HPOG 1.0 Short-Term Impact Findings



Daniel Litwok HPOG Grantee Meeting August 2, 2018

Session Format

- Goal: A conversation
- We want to share ...
 - Results from the HPOG 1.0 Short-Term Impact Report
 - How to interpret these findings
- We look forward to your sharing ...
 - Reactions to/reflections on the findings
- Introductory slides/material to set the stage for each topic
 - We will stop frequently to open the floor for discussion

Question

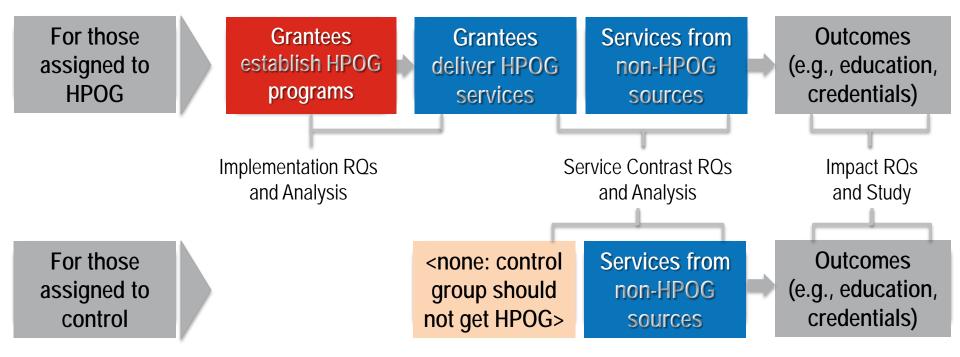
Answer

Question	Answer
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What is the impact of HPOG on the outcomes of focus?	
Do impacts differ for subgroups of interest?	
What were the impacts of randomly assigned program enhancements?	
What are the implications of the findings for practice?	

Evaluation Flow



Evaluation Flow

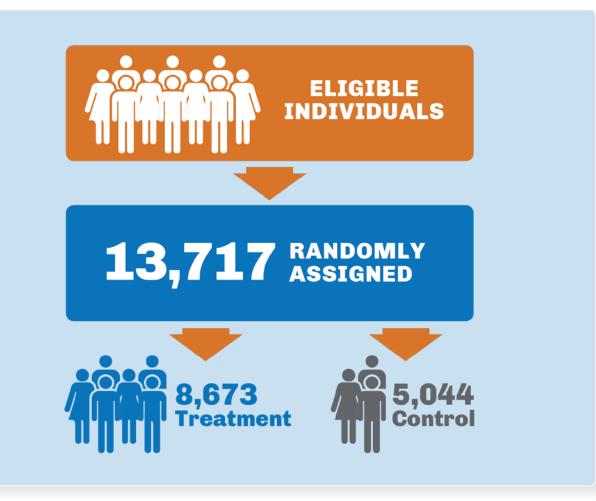


Short-term follow-up: 15-18 months (5 quarters) after random assignment

All 42 HPOG 1.0 Programs (operated by 23 grantees)

Pima County (AZ) Community College District	Workforce Development Council of Seattle-King County (WA)	
San Diego (CA) Workforce Partnership-MAAC South	Milwaukee (WI) Area WIB	
San Diego (CA) Workforce Partnership-Metro CTS	Full Employment Council (MO)	
San Diego (CA) Workforce Partnership-North County Lifeline	Bergen (NJ)-Bergen Community College	
Pensacola (FL) State College	Bergen (NJ)-Brookdale Community College	
Will County (IL) WIB-Central States SER	Bergen (NJ)-Community College of Morris	
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Will County (IL) WIB-Joliet Junior College	Bergen (NJ)-Sussex County Community College	
Kansas Department of Commerce-Heartland Works, Inc.	Bergen (NJ)-Union County College	
Kansas Department of Commerce-Southeast KANSASWORKS, Inc.	Bergen (NJ)-Warren County Community College	
Kansas Department of Commerce-Workforce Alliance of South Central Kansas	NY Research Foundation of CUNY-Hostos Community College	
Kansas Department of Commerce-Workforce Partnership	Gateway Community and Technical College (KY)	
Kansas Department of Commerce-WorkforceOne	Bergen (NJ)-Essex County College	
Louisiana WIB SDA-83 Inc.	Suffolk County (NY) Department of Labor	
Central (NE) Community College	South Carolina Department of Social Services	
Schenectady County (NY) Community College	Alamo (TX) Community College District and University Health System	
Eastern Gateway (OH) Community College	The WorkPlace (CT)	
Central Susquehanna (PA) Intermediate Unit	New Hampshire Office of Minority Health	
Edmonds (WA) Community College	Buffalo and Erie County (NY) WDC	

Experimental Impact Evaluation



Who participated in the impact study?

32 YEARS OLD ON AVERAGE



FEMALE



88%

COMPLETED AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL OR EQUIVALENT



63%

HAD AT LEAST ONE CHILD



54%

HAD SOME POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION OR TRAINING



84%

UNMARRIED



43%

EMPLOYED



RECEIVING SNAP/WIC



AT PROGRAM ENTRY

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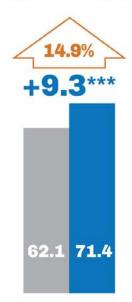
Access to HPOG increased training



Control Group

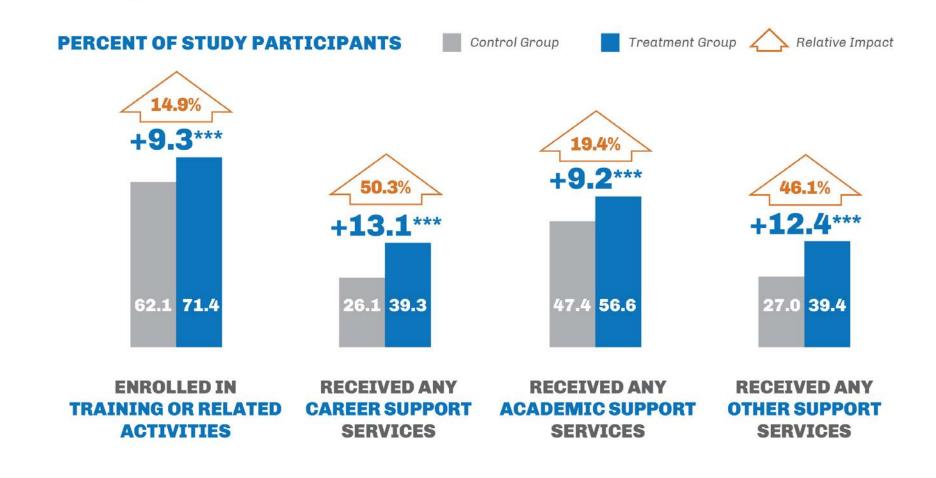
Treatment Group

Relative Impact



ENROLLED IN TRAINING OR RELATED ACTIVITIES

Access to HPOG also increased receipt of services



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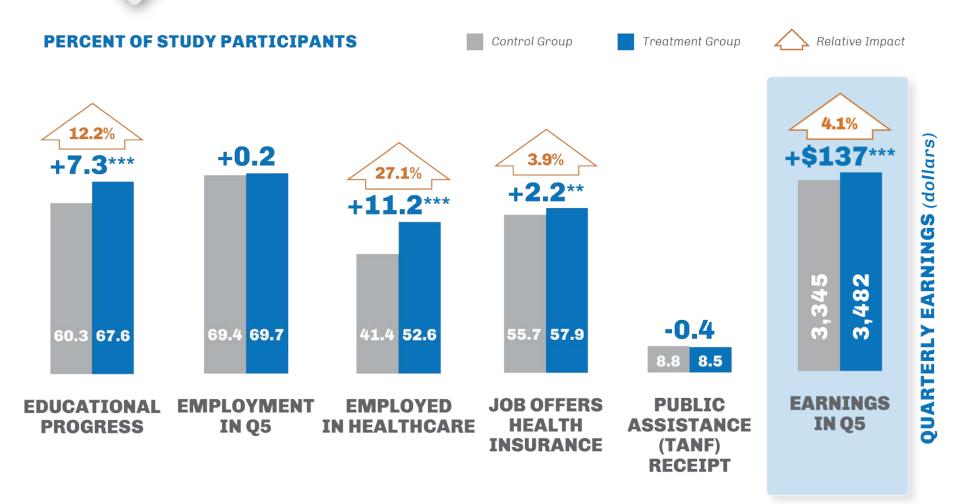
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Outcomes of Focus

Main outcome

- Educational progress: "completed or still enrolled in training"
- Assesses the extent to which the program is making progress toward its goals at short-term follow-up
- Other outcomes
 - Employment, job quality, public assistance use, earnings
- Data Sources
 - Participant follow-up survey
 - National Directory of New Hires

HPOG had favorable impacts on outcomes of focus

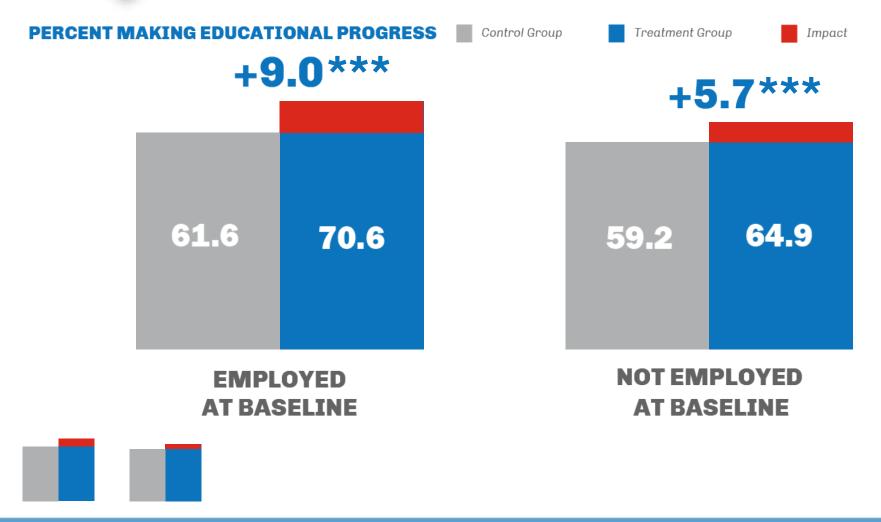


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Do impacts differ for subgroups of interest?



Do impacts differ for subgroups of interest?

PERCENT MAKING EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS

Impact

7***





EMPLOYED AT BASELINE NOT EMPLOYED AT BASELINE

+5.7

Those employed at baseline made more educational progress

PERCENT MAKING EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS

Impact



EMPLOYED AT BASELINE



NOT EMPLOYED AT BASELINE

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Those employed at baseline had higher 5th quarter earnings

5TH QUARTER EARNINGS (\$)

Impact

+483 ****

EMPLOYED AT BASELINE

NOT EMPLOYED AT BASELINE







Subgroups where impacts differed meaningfully

- Employment
- Enrollment in school
- Educational attainment
- Barriers to work/school
- HPOG full-time vs. part-time

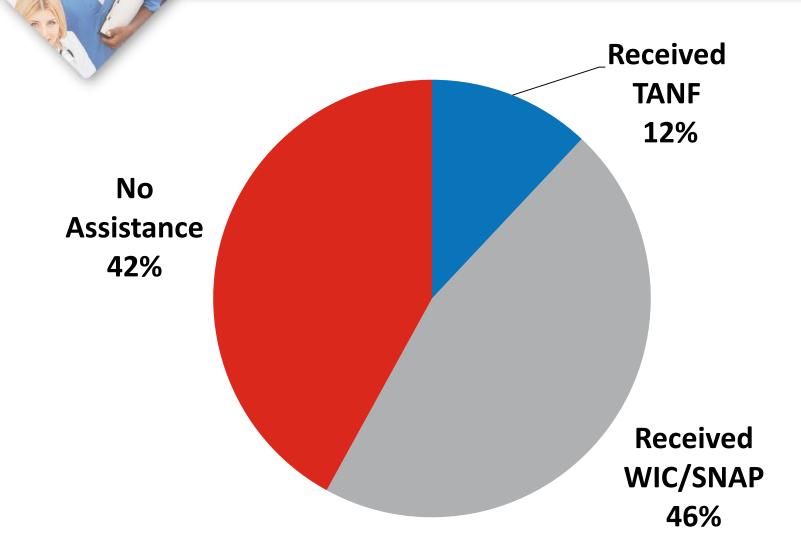
Takeaway: Those who were more advantaged at baseline experienced more favorable impacts of HPOG

Subgroups where impacts did not differ

- Age
- Sex
- Race/Ethnicity
- Parental Status

Takeaway: HPOG improved educational progress for individuals across all major demographic subgroups

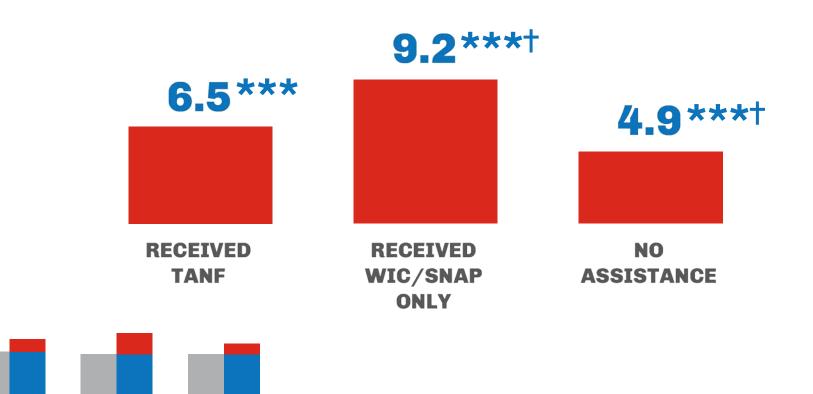
Public assistance subgroup



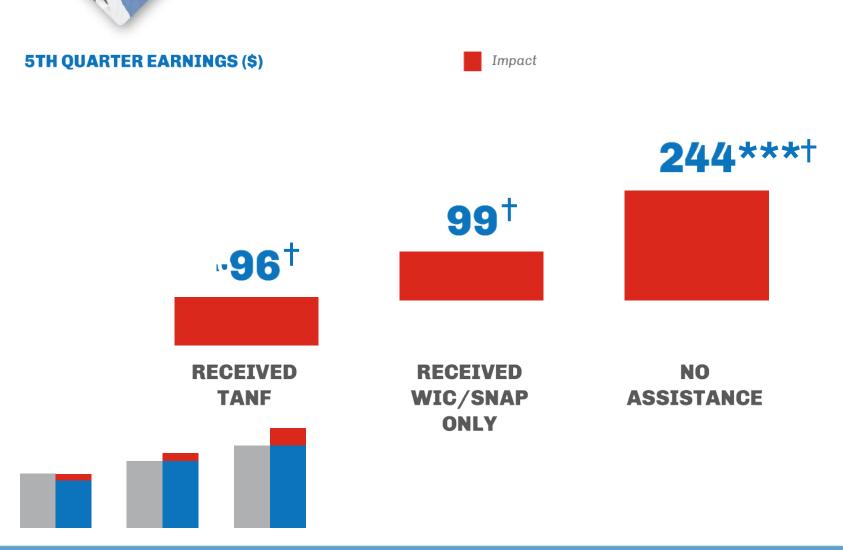
WIC/SNAP subgroup made more progress than no assistance

PERCENT MAKING EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS

Impact



TANF subgroup had negative impacts on 5th quarter earnings



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Four criteria for selecting randomized enhancements

- Showed promise in the literature
- Were included in some but not all HPOG programs
- Could be layered on top of existing HPOG programs and implemented quickly
- Attractive to programs

Programs by randomized enhancement

Programs with a Single Treatment Group

- Pima County (AZ) Community College District
- San Diego (CA) Workforce Partnership-MAAC South
- San Diego (CA) Workforce Partnership-Metro CTS
- San Diego (CA) Workforce Partnership-North County Lifeline
- Pensacola (FL) State College
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- Central Susquehanna (PA) Intermediate
 Unit
- Edmonds (WA) Community College
- Workforce Development Council of Seattle-King County (WA)
- Milwaukee (WI) Area WIB

Programs with Two Treatment Groups, by Enhancement

Emergency Assistance

- Full Employment Council (MO)
- Bergen (NJ)-Bergen Community College
- Bergen (NJ)-Brookdale Community College
- Bergen (NJ)-Community College of Morris
- Bergen (NJ)-Hudson County Community College
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- Bergen (NJ)-Sussex County Community College
- Bergen (NJ)-Union County College
- Bergen (NJ)-Warren County Community College
- NY Research Foundation of CUNY-Hostos Community College

Non-cash Incentives

- Gateway Community and Technical College (KY)
- Bergen (NJ)-Essex County College
- Suffolk County (NY) Department of Labor
- South Carolina Department of Social Services
- Alamo (TX) Community College District and University Health System

Facilitated Peer Support

- The WorkPlace (CT)
- New Hampshire Office of Minority Health
- Buffalo and Erie County (NY) WDC

HPOG experimentally tested three enhancements

Enhancement	Number of Programs	Description of Enhancement
Emergency Assistance	11	Provided support to program participants for sudden financial needs

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Non-cash Incentives	5	Participants earned points for achieving program milestones that were converted into tangible rewards

HPOG experimentally tested three enhancements

Enhancement	Number of Programs	Description of Enhancement
Emergency Assistance	11	Provided support to program participants for sudden financial needs
Non-cash Incentives	5	Participants earned points for achieving program milestones that were converted into tangible rewards
Facilitated Peer Support	3	Group meetings for participants with a facilitator to foster social and emotional connections among students, faculty, and staff

No evidence of favorable impacts of enhancements

Enhancement	Estimated Impact
Emergency Assistance	No evidence of impact
Non-cash Incentives	No evidence of impact
Facilitated Peer Support	Evidence of <i>negative</i> impacts for program completion (7 percentage points) and earnings (\$421)

No evidence of favorable impacts of enhancements

Enhancement	Estimated Impact	Hypothesis
Emergency Assistance	No evidence of impact	Funds could not be released quickly
Non-cash Incentives	No evidence of impact	May have targeted less important behaviors and have been shown to be effective for less motivated populations
Facilitated Peer Support	Evidence of <i>negative</i> impacts for program completion (7 percentage points) and earnings (\$421)	Difficulty with attendance prompted attendance requirement <i>How might participants have</i> <i>spent that time otherwise?</i>

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Implications for Practice

- HPOG is achieving its goals at this early follow-up
 - Findings are consistent with the logic model
 - Major impact on educational progress for all subgroups
- Pooling research sample across 42 programs allows for practice insights into
 - Results for important subgroups
 - Program features and components associated with impacts
- For example
 - Those more advantaged at baseline have more favorable impacts
 - Programs that offer tuition assistance and other financial services or greater access to childcare and transportation show larger impacts

Implications for Practice

- Most participants chose shorter-term trainings, so:
 - Continue to support longer-term training
 - Help participants understand and navigate career pathways
 - Encourage short-termers to return to school for more training
- Biggest contrast in support services, so:
 - Ensure that available supports meet participant needs to continue training
 - Continue to rely mainly on existing infrastructure for occupational training in healthcare
 - Map/organize trainings into career pathways
 - Apply design features of career pathways (e.g., acceleration)

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What are the implications of the findings for practice?	Importance of supportive services; shorter- term trainings most popular; continue to support longer-term training/career pathways

Key Take-Aways

Overall Impacts

- Increase in educational progress
- Increase in employment in healthcare
- Slight increase in earnings
- Subgroup Impacts
 - Those who were more advantaged at baseline had more favorable impacts of HPOG
 - Those receiving public assistance at baseline did not follow this pattern

What's coming next?

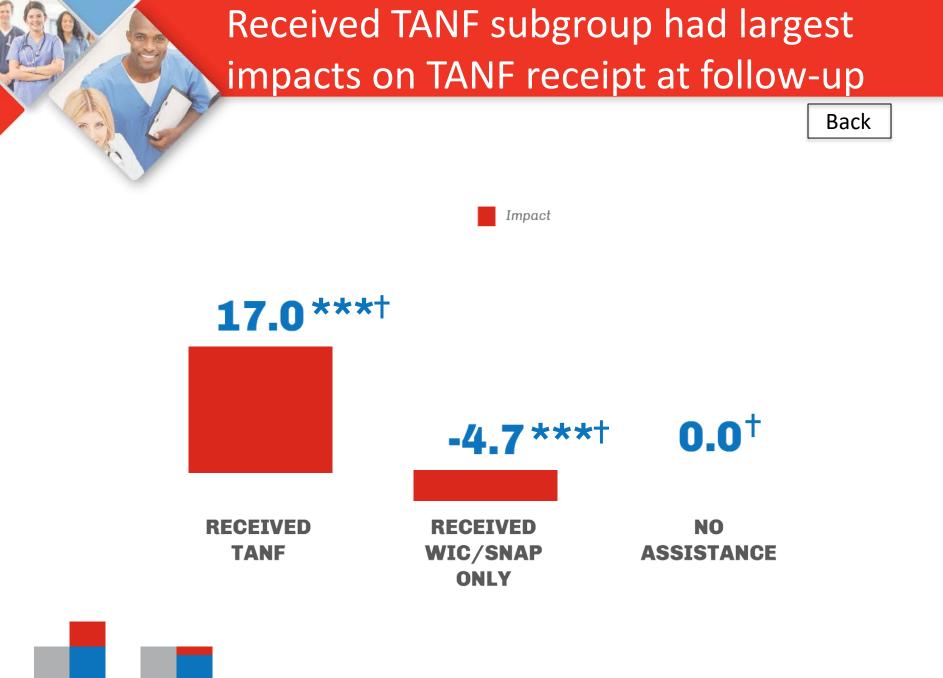
- Three- and six- year follow-up for HPOG 1.0 grantees
 - More time for participants to complete training
 - More quarters of follow-up for employment/earnings
 - Descriptive analysis of career trajectories
 - Additional outcome domains
 - Child outcomes
 - Psychological/family well-being
- 15 month follow-up for HPOG 2.0 grantees
 - Focus on similar research questions as HPOG 1.0
 - Combination of survey and administrative data

For More Information:

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